

EU-HYBNET NETWORK SUSTAINABILITY PLAN

DELIVERABLE 1.8

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1. INTRODUCTION

The EU-HYBNET project (Empowering a Pan-European Network to Counter Hybrid Threats) aims to enhance other European networks countering hybrid threats, ensuring long-term sustainability for the EU-HYBNET network members to have joint future efforts to counter hybrid threats. The current EU-HYBNET network is formed by EU-HYBNET project consortium partners and Stakeholder Group (SG) members. The consortium to date comprises of 25 partners, the SG consists currently of 16 members. The EU-HYBNET project will accept at least 30 new members to EU-HYBNET network on yearly basis.

The EU-HYBNET network's efforts focus on defining common gaps and needs of European practitioners' and other relevant actors in the field of hybrid threats. In addition, the EU-HYBNET project's goal is to deliver solutions to fulfil performance needs and increase capabilities, fill knowledge gaps, and feed into research, innovation and training endeavors concerning hybrid threats.

The landscape of hybrid threats refers to domains and tools through which state and non-state actors aim to weaken social cohesion, decrease citizens' trust to democracy, and obfuscate democratic states decision-making processes, to highlight just a few challenges. Hybrid threats challenge the resilience of European Union Member States, as they tend to target cohesion, trust and unity of action within the European Union. This challenge is underlined in the EU Security Union Strategy. 1 The Security Union Strategy's goals are shared by the EU-HYBNET project and the EU-HYBNET Network aims to deliver measures to the Strategy's goals.

The long-term sustainability of EU-HYBNET and especially of its network is dependent on the success of its network building, especially regarding how to provide concrete benefits for the members so that they remain active in the network. Thus, EU-HYBNET creates the conditions for enhanced interaction with practitioners, industry, and academia for meaningful dialogue and for increasing membership in the network.

The project consortium partners and EU-HYBNET SG establish the basis of the network, and project activities, such as Innovation and Knowledge Exchange workshops, will support the process of gaining new members. The network will also explore and create synergies with already established national and European networks of practitioners, and other projects and networks, thus contributing to a comprehensive Pan-European network in the field of hybrid threats.

The sustainability of the EU-HYBNET network is based upon extensive participation of practitioners and other relevant pan-European actors in the key network activities grouped around the EU-HYBNET four core themes: "Future Trends of Hybrid Threats", "Cyber and Future Technologies", "Resilient Civilians, Local Level and National Administration", "Information and Strategic Communication". These practitioners and other actors will come from different fields (such as civil security, energy, healthcare, justice), enabling a wide outreach to other networks. Furthermore, sustainability will be ensured by the continued involvement of key EU-HYBNET project partner, the European Centre of Excellence for Countering Hybrid Threats (Hybrid CoE), who will host the network after the conclusion of the project.

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¹ https://eur-lex.europa.eu/legal-content/EN/TXT/?qid=1596452256370&uri=CELEX:52020DC0605

1.1 OVERVIEW

The main objective of this document is to deliver a sustainability plan for the EU-HYBNET Network to ensure the vitality and joint actions of the EU-HYBNET Network during and after the project. The extension of the EU-HYBNET Network and its sustainable existence is grounded in the fact that after the project's completion, Hybrid CoE will continue to host the EU-HYBNET Network and make use of its platforms. This will ensure that the network activities will continue even after the project's completion. The sustainability of the network is based on the three key elements:

- 1) Initial composition of the network project partners and Stakeholder Group,
- 2) Network extension and engagement during the project duration new active members,
- 3) Network sustainability after the project's end hand-over of the network to Hybrid CoE.

This document describes the strategic actions to be taken by the EU-HYBNET project in order to ensure network expansion during the project and sustainability of the network after the end of the project. The goal is to provide a clear plan of what should be done to secure the long-lasting impacts of the network. The deliverable corresponds to EU-HYBNET project Task (T) 1.3 "EU-HYBNET Community Extension".

The EU-HYBNET sustainability plan is based on the network and stakeholder engagement approach, developed in Deliverable (D) 5.1 "Dissemination, Communication and Exploitation Plan" (esp. in Sections 3. and 6.) and takes into account the EU-HYBNET network eligibility criteria for new members described in D1.7. "Definition of the eligibility criteria for new actors". The EU-HYBNET sustainability plan serves as the basis for D1.24 "EU-HYBNET Network Sustainability Initial Report" and D1.25 "EU-HYBNET Network Sustainability Final Report", which will be submitted during M30 and M60. The network sustainability reports will describe how the project has been able to deliver network sustainability and what could be improved.

1.2 STRUCTURE OF THE DELIVERABLE

This document includes the following sections:

- Section 2 describes the aims of the EU-HYBNET network and the network's role in countering
 hybrid threats. It will introduce the basis of the network sustainability and the plans for the
 network creation, extension and maintenance, including the network Key Performance
 Indicators (KPIs) and their relationship to the project objectives.
- Section 3 provides an overview of the network structure and describes the roles of different types of the network members in the project. Special attention is given to practitioners as network members because EU-HYBNET is, according to its funding instrument, a "Network of Practitioners" (NoP) project.
- Section 4 introduces the network engagement and sustainability plan during the project, and underlines connections to other EU-HYBET tasks, activities and events, as well as key tools to engage and expand the network. Cooperation with other relevant European Commission funded projects is highlighted in this chapter.
- Section 5 presents the **sustainability plan beyond the project lifecycle**, including the ownership and maintenance of the network and the platforms.

- Section 6 assesses **critical risks to the sustainability of the network** and provides mitigation measures.
- Section 7 provides summary of the D1.8 and explains project's way forward in the network sustainability activities.

2. EU-HYBNET NETWORK AIMS

2.1 AIMS OF THE EU-HYBNET NETWORK

The EU-HYBNET network will empower its members to collaboratively counter hybrid threats by proliferating knowledge and facilitating cooperation between industry, practitioners, academics, NGOs – the goal is to find advanced solutions to the network members' most critical gaps and needs to counter hybrid threats.

The key activity for the network members is to join the project's events where the network members define vulnerabilities and most critical gaps and needs to counter hybrid threats. The event's results are clustered under the core themes and other possible categories, analysed, and then fed into innovation (technical and non-technical/ social sciences-based) highlighting the most important vulnerabilities.

The most promising innovations are tested by the EU-HYBNET network members in training and exercise events in order to identify development priorities related solutions. The results of the network activities will provide policy recommendations for innovation uptake and standardization, and for industrialization of cutting-edge innovations. These will eventually be fed into the EU procurement and investment policies. This EU-HYBNET process is described in the Figure below.

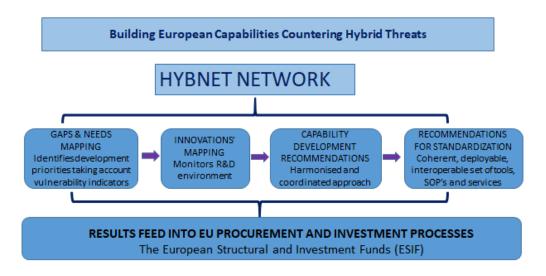


Figure 1 EU-HYBNET Network key activities and process

The above activities of the network will be implemented across the EU-HYBNET project's four core themes to ensure coherence throughout the project's results - the four core themes are: "Future Trends of Hybrid Threats", "Cyber and Future Technologies", "Resilient Civilians, Local Level and National Administration", and "Information and Strategic Communication". The themes correspond with the main areas of interest to increase capabilities to counter hybrid threats, as stated in the European Commission's (EC) latest 'Report on the implementation of the 2016 Joint Framework on countering hybrid threats' (SWD (2019) 200 final). The four core themes will provide an opportunity to focus on all domains of hybrid threats, especially interfaces between the domains. This ensures that the project delivers coherent results in relation to the conceptual framework model for countering hybrid threats, compiled by European Commission Joint Research Centre (JRC) and Hybrid CoE (will be

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published in Dec 2020 early 2021). Because the four core themes align all EU-HYBNET project activities, they are important to the network extension in the sense that new network members are expected to share interest with and contribute to at least one of the core themes.

2.3 PROJECT ACTIVITIES, OBJECTIVES AND KEY PERFORMANCE INDICATORS

The key feature of EU-HYBNET project approach is the EU-HYBNET network extension. The extension provides the means for empowering the EU-HYBNET network and for facilitating the activities of project partners and stakeholder group members, by continuously identifying potentially new, key actors to join the network. New network members will be accepted into the network throughout the years of the project duration. This means that the EU-HYBNET network consists of project consortium partners, stakeholder group members and new network members accepted on a continuous basis. This process is illustrated in the figure below.

Networks of project consortium partners & Stakeholder Group members Starting point to extend European network > 2020 2021 2022 2023 2024 2025 hosted by Hybrid CoE

Figure 2 EU-HYBNET extension plan

The sustainability of the EU-HYBNET network is the key long-term impact that the project foresees. The success of the project's activities depends on the success of the network. All project activities are planned and conducted in a manner that supports ways of finding and attracting new and potentially valuable European actors (especially practitioners, industry, SMEs and academic actors, NGOs) to the EU-HYBNET Network.

The importance of the network is reflected in the project management board's structure which includes a dedicated Network Manager role. The activities of Network Manager are described in detail in chapter 3.1.

The importance of network building and extension to the EU-HYBNET project is highlighted in the project Objectives (OB), key performance indicators (KPI) and project milestones (MS). This document, deliverable 1.8, together with a deliverable 1.7 "Definition of the eligibility criteria for new actors", mark the following two EU-HYBNET project milestones (MS):

- MS3 "Definition of eligibility criteria for new extended EU-HYBNET Network actors", link to D1.7
- MS4 "Compilation of the EU-HYBNET Network Sustainability Plan", link to D1.8

The EU-HYBNET network extension activities are part of the EU-HYBNET Work Package (WP) 1 "Coordination and Project Management" and Task 1.3 "EU-HYBNET Community Extension". However, as mentioned above, the project activities related to engaging the EU-HYBNET network members are part of each WP. The figure below describes the EU-HYBNET project workflow and activities.

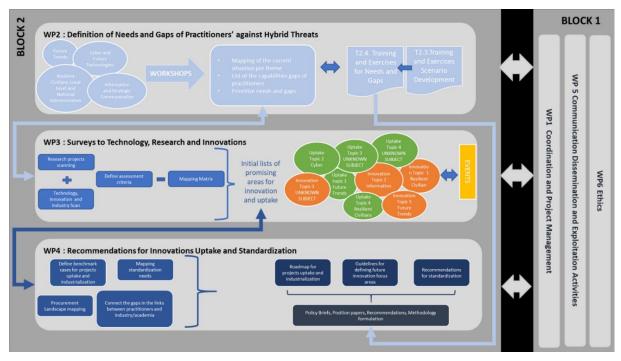


Figure 3 EU-HYBNET project content and work flow between work packages

The EU-HYBNET network extension is primarily linked to project **Objective 1**: *To enrich the existing network for countering hybrid threats and ensure long term sustainability,* and supports project Objectives (OB) 5, 6 and 7. The OB key performance indicators (KPI) for the network extension is the amount of new members accepted annually, which is set to a minimum 30 new actors. For the purpose of the sustainability plan, the network-specific KPIs were set-up to support the project-level OB KPIs described in the EU-HYBNET Description of Action (DoA). The detailed connection between the project objectives and the network sustainability KPIs are described in the table below.

Table 1 EU-HYBNET objectives and KPIs

term sustainability			
Goals related to the network		Project-specific KPI	Network-specific KPI
sust	ainability		
1.1	To identify potential members of the network that have demonstrated concerns/appreciation for dangers associated with proliferation of hybrid threats, and encourage	At least 30 new members to join the EU-HYBNET network yearly	 At least 2 new expressions of interest from external actors monthly At least 5 new members applied to the network bimonthly

	them to join the network and		
	engage in its activities		
1.4	To achieve sustainability, Hybrid	- Sustainability plan as to	- Sustainability plan is
1.7	CoE will lead the post-project	how the Network will	published
	activities for EU-HYBNET with	continue to be active	- Hybrid CoE takes over the
	established EU, national /sub-	after project completion	network maintenance and
	national networks of practitioners.	is finalized and ready for	ownership after April 2025.
	Note: Hybrid CoE does not need to	execution	·
	use the name EU-HYBNT any more		
	after the project ends		
OB5	: To establish conditions for enhar	nced interaction with practiti	ioners, industry and academia
for r	meaningful dialogue and for increa	sing membership in the net	work
Goa		Project-specific KPI	Network-specific KPI
5.1	To establish a platform for	- At least 30 new users of	- Level activity by users in the
	information exchange through an	the Innovation arena	IA (at least 1 new activity
	Innovation Arena, along with an	(IA) yearly	per month)
	associated web site		
5.2	To set up community forums that	- At least 3 events per	- At least 30% of the network
	will empower the European	year; at minimum100	members participating in
	network to engage in productive	participants	each event
	exchanges on research and	- Innovation arena (IA)	
	innovation, needs/gaps, uptake,	and Web site are in use	
	policy issues, standardisation	by at least 4 forums (see	
Г 2	To create a readment for the	KPI for Goal 5.1)	The readmen presented in
5.3	To create a roadmap for the	- The roadmap is put in	- The roadmap presented in D5.1 Section 6 is further
	activities necessary to increase membership in the European	place to be adhered to by EU-HYBNET	enhanced in this document
	network assigned to deal with	members, all new	in Sections 4 and 5
	hybrid threats, including the steps	members, and	in sections 4 and 5
	necessary to ensure its	especially Hybrid CoE	
	sustainability	upon project	
	,	completion	
OB6	: To foster capacity building and k	nowledge exchange on coun	tering hybrid threats
Goa		Project-specific KPI	Network-specific KPI
6.1	To arrange dialogue sessions for	- At least three yearly	- At least 1/3 of the network
	EU and EU MS practitioners,	project events are	members participating in
	industry, SME and academic actors	executed with a	each event
	to strengthen capacity and hybrid	minimum of 100	
	threat knowledge exchange	participants each time	
6.3	To enhance knowledge exchange,	- At least 4 published	- At least 1 article annually
	increase knowledge/capacity of	research papers yearly –	co-authored with EU-
	actor-actor interactions, esp. with	1 in each of the four	HYBNET network member(s)
	industry	project core themes	- At least 1 new joint project
			proposal by the network
<i>C</i> 1	To omnower Furcines	At loost 4 training and	members
6.4	To empower European	- At least 1 training event	- At least 50 participants are
	practitioners, industry, SME and academic actors' capacity to	every 20 months; at	network active members. Note: active means that
	counter hybrid threats by offering	min. 60 participants on site and via webinar for	member joins the project
	relevant trainings and materials	others	events and/or contributes to
	resevant trainings and materials	Others	the project proceeding in
			any other way
OB7	. To create a basis for establishin	g effective synergies with e	
	national networks of practitioners		
Goa	<u>-</u>	Project-specific KPI	Network-specific KPI
Gua		1 Toject-specific KF1	Network-specific KFT

7.1	To share information on EU- HYBNET activities and training possibilities among European stakeholders	- At least a training event every 20 months; at min. 3 over 5 years	- At least 50 network members taking part in every training event
7.3	To establish links with other European Networks and missions in related fields of interest (e.g. Community of Users)	- Annual EU-HYBNET workshop for stakeholders and other related networks/actors to build links	- Minimum 30 network members participating in the first annual workshop, minimum 80 members participating in the final EU-HYBNET stakeholder workshop
7.5	To interact with a wide circle of European stakeholders, share information; and explore possibilities for engaging Network synergistically	- At least 2 events yearly where over 100 actors will meet	- Systematic engagement of the network members in the online (TUOVI, IA) and offline (events) activities, at least 1 coordinated activity per month and hosted by Laurea/ Project Management Board (PMB) members (coordinator, project manager, innovation manager, network manager)

2.4 BASIS FOR THE NETWORK SUSTAINABILITY

EU-HYBNET project follows an engagement process based on the Spectrum of Public Participation by the International Association of Public Participation (IAP2) and moves beyond the empowering stage to address the sustainability aspect of the network (see Fig. 3). In line with the overall goal of empowering European actors to collaboratively counter hybrid threats, the 'Spectrum' addresses the process of developing trust and transparency among the network members. As the EU-HYBNET network grows, the focus of engagement activities shifts from the early levels of engagement by informing and consulting, towards more collaborative activities.

Trust Building, Information Sharing, New Collaboration Opportunities Informing Consulting Involving Collaborating Empowering Sustaining

Dissemination, Communication and Stakeholder Engagement activities

Figure 4 Basis for EU-HYBNET Sustainability

One of the key aspects in ensuring network sustainability is the trust building process. We are using the Collaborative Maturity Model as the basis for the trust building process of the network – this is described in Figure 4 below. The idea is that during the network formation stage, (years 1-3) the core activities will concentrate on the information sharing and creating secure enabling environment for cooperation and information exchange. As the project progresses and the network grows, the emphasis shifts from networking towards identification of new cooperation opportunities and joint contributions towards the development of innovations and recommendations. The chief objective of EU-HYBNET is to create and sustain a working dynamic among the network members in order to constantly increase the quality of the project's outputs and contribute relevant and timely input to EU policy.

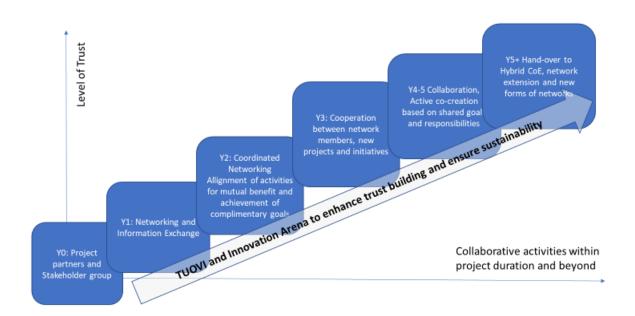


Figure 5 Trust building process for EU-HYBNET network

2.4 BENEFITS OF JOINING THE NETWORK

EU-HYBNET's core network element is that it needs to benefit its members. First, the EU-HYBNET network is a means and an opportunity to identify common challenges and exchange experience and best practices to counter hybrid threats. Furthermore, the new members will have an incentive to join one of the most cutting-edge and high visibility research projects on hybrid threats in Europe. Political momentum and the importance of the field, make membership and participation to the work of EU-HYBNET an attractive option.

Second, the network activities are planned so that the time that members spend on networking activities will provide benefit for both the members and the project. These two core approaches and promises are explained in more detail below.

The general benefit of network membership is that the network members will get to know each other and create synergies from their networking and probable cooperation. There is an added value in learning who the pan-European practioners and other relevant actors are, who conduct measures against hybrid threats in various different fields and domains within Europe.

Furthermore, network activities will bring members together and through this, provide knowledge and create mutual trust. Trust-building is one of the key elements for the network members to start their cooperation inside and outside of the project. The primary goal throughout the network activities is to encourage participation in joint activities to counter hybrid threats.

Another benefit of network membership is to receive the general **information sharing** that is taking place in the network. Laurea as project coordinator shares information on upcoming relevant events, research findings, and policy documents to benefit the network members, by gaining access to timely and relevant information on measures to counter hybrid threats and fill knowledge gaps. The

information is shared in the EU-HYBNET networking platform called TUOVI, via emails and during project events. Within the TUOVI platform are all network releasable documents and event invitations, and hence, it functions as a **dedicated library or archive** for network members to benefit at any time. Network members are also encouraged to share their own information on the TUOVI and so the platform can be seen as a **dedicated information sharing environment** for European practitioners and other relevant actors to counter hybrid threats.

This dedicated information sharing environment paves the way for future joint collaboration by identifying and connecting relevant actors for various types of research projects, development initiatives, policy discussions, and other collaborative efforts to counter hybrid threats.

Furthermore, the network provides an arena for practitioners and other relevant actors (industry, SME, academia, NGOs) to have important discuss about needed tools, innovations and security solutions that enhance European capabilities to counter hybrid threats.

Because EU-HYBNET is to have the role of the primary Pan-European network to counter hybrid threats, network member may expect to be **engaged in prominent European initiatives** relevant to countering hybrid threats. Initiatives, for example, may include European Commission (EC) open consultations in the field of hybrid threats. Therefore, the network members' **engagement with stakeholders** is an important aspect from which they will benefit as well. The table below lists the EU-HYBNET network benefits for its network members and stakeholders.

Table 2 EU-HYBNET Network Membership benefits

Services	EU-HYBNET external	EU-HYBNET network
	stakeholder, wider audience	member
Access to project resources		
Newsletter	Х	X
Access to public deliverables and project	x	x
results (via project web-page, twitter and		
linked-in)		
Access to Innovation Arena and Information		X
sharing among key European actors		
Access to latest research and innovation		x
materials on hybrid threats (via TUOVI portal)		
Access to network members' contacts for		x
new collaborative initiatives		
Access to defined needs, gaps and	x/ innovations	x/ gaps & needs and
innovations		innovations
Participation in EU-HYBNET events		
Participation to EU-HYBNET Gaps and Needs		x
events		
Participation in Innovation and Knowledge	х	х
Exchange events		
Participation to EU-HYBNET Future Trends	х	x
Workshop		
Participation in EU-HYBNET training events		X
Participation to EU-HYBNET Annual	х	x
Workshop		
Participation to Task 4.3 workshops on	x/ invitation	x/ according to T4.3 need
innovation standardization		_
EU-HYBNET project events with other	x/ invitation	x/ invitation
projects	·	•

2.6 NETWORK CODE OF CONDUCT

EU-HYBNET is a diverse community of different actors. It is expected to include over a hundred hybrid threat practitioners and other relevant actors during the five years of the project's duration. At its best, diversity can increase creativity and innovation performance, however, it can also lead to difficult processes due to lack of shared vision or understanding of the network goals. To avoid possible conflicts and to prevent misconduct, EU-HYBNET network members are expected to adhere to a Code of Conduct which will be jointly developed by Laurea/ EU-HYBNET coordinator and Hybrid CoE by project month 10/ February 2021.

3.NETWORK GOVERNANCE AND MEMBER PROFILES

The EU-HYBNET Network is a Pan-European network of practitioners and other relevant actors (industry, SMEs, academia, NGOs) countering hybrid threats. The network is open to the European and European Associated Countries' (AC) actors based on the eligibility criteria described in EU-HYBNET Deliverable 1.7.

3.1 NETWORK GOVERNANCE STRUCTURE

The initial composition of the EU-HYBNET network includes the consortium partners and the EU-HYBNET Stakeholder Group (SG) which consists of a variety of practitioners, European Union (EU) Agencies and Offices, and actors from industry, SMEs, academia, NGOs, cities, and regions who are dealing with European measures against hybrid threats. The SG members form together with project partners, the EU-HYBNET Network that will grow with newly accepted network members during the project's five forthcoming years. In 2020, at the beginning of the project, the EU-HYBNET SG consisted of the following 15 members:

Practitioners

- Ministry of Justice and Security Law and justice (NL)
- Finnish Border Guard Border and maritime security, internal and external security (FI)
- Ministry of the Interior Finland, Dep. for Rescue Services Internal security, CBRN, Civil

Protection and emergency response (FI)

Tromso Police District – Law enforcement (NO)

EU Agencies and Offices

• European Security and Defence College - Crises management (EU, BE)

Industry, SME

- Soprasteria Information technology, digital services (FR)
- Systematic Critical infrastructure (FR)
- Expertsystem Critical infrastructure (FR)
- Ardanti!Defence- Information technology, digital services (FR)

RTO, research association, organisations

- European Health Management Association Health care (EU, BE)
- Fraunhofer-IVI Critical infrastructure, electricity grids (DE)
- Institute for Public Goods and Policies; Spanish National Research Council Fake news and strategic communication (ES)
- Ukrainian Association of Scholars and Experts in Field of Criminal Intelligence Law enforcement (UA)
- CE.S.I. Istituto di Analisi di Politica Internazionale International Politics (IT)
- Tecnoaliamenti Food security (IT)
- SafeCluster Security technology (FR)

The EU-HYBNET consortium partners also represent the following practitioners, industry and academia/ research organizations:

Practitioners

- France Ministry for an Ecological and Solidary Transition (MTES) (FR)
- Espoo City and Region (Espoo) (FI)
- Universita Cattolica Sacro Cuore (UCSC) (IT)

- The European Centre of Excellence for countering Hybrid Threats (Hybrid CoE) (FI)
- Netherlands Ministry of Defence (MoD) (NL)
- Valencia Local Police (PLV) (ES)
- Polish Internal Security Agency (ABW) (PO)
- Norwegian Directorate for Civil Protection (DSB) (NO)
- Estonian Information Systems Authority (RIA) (EE)
- Central Office for Information Technology in the Security Sphere (ZITiS) (DE)
- Bundeswehr University (COMTESSA) (DE)

Industry, SME

Satways (GR)

RTO, Research associations, Organisations

- Polish Platform for Homeland Security (PPHS) (PO)
- Arctic University of Norway (UiT) (NO)
- Research Institutes of Sweden (RISE) (SE)
- Center for Security Studies (KEMEA) (GR)
- Lithuanian Cybercrime Centre of Excellence for Training, Research and Education (L3CE) (LT)
- University of Rey Juan Carlos (URJC) (ES)
- European Organization for Security (EOS) (BE)
- Netherlands Organisation for Applied Scientific Research (TNO) (NL)
- Joint Research Centre EC (JRC) (EU)
- The Mihai Viteazul National Intelligence Academy (MVNIA) (RO)
- International Centre for Defence and Security (ICDS) (EE)
- Maldita (ES)

Selection of new EU-HYBNET Network members on a yearly basis is based one project Task 1.3 "EU-HYBNET Community Extension". Both EU-HYBNET consortium partners and Stakeholder Group members will identify on an annual basis, potential new actors to join to the EU-HYBNET Network activities, who will then be invited to join. Organizations and actors who wish to join the EU-HYBNET network may also contact the project independently (without the invitation) and ask to be accepted as a new EU-HYBNET network member. The selection criteria of new network members is described in detail in the EU-HYBNET deliverable 1.7 "Definition of the eligibility criteria for new actors".

Operational network management is the responsibility of the EU-HYBNET Network Manager at Laurea UAS, the EU-HYBNET coordinator organization. The Hybrid CoE, who is the leader of T1.3 "EU-HYBNET Community Extension", will also have an important role in the network. The responsibilities of the EU-HYBNET Network Manager include the following activities:

- Serve as the Pont of Contact (PoC) for EU-HYBNET consortium partners, network members, and potential network members;
- Represent the EU-HYBNET Network during events and in cooperation with other EU projects;
- Participate in discussions regarding possibilities to join the network;
- Take part in the selection of new network members as a member of the EU-HYBNET Project Management Board (PMB)
- Contribute to Action reporting by providing recommendations regarding network management, engagement and extension
- Focus on dissemination and communication activities from a network management, extension and hosting point of view.

3.2 NETWORK MEMBER PROFILES

Because EU-HYBNET is an EC Network of Practitioners (NoP) project, the focus of network extension activities is especially on European practitioners. This being said, EU-HYBNET follows the European Commission definition of practitioners, which states that a practitioner is someone who is qualified or registered to practice a particular occupation, profession in the field of security or civil protection.² In addition, practitioners in the hybrid threat context are expected to have a legal mandate to plan and take measures, or to provide support to authorities countering hybrid threats. Accordingly, EU-HYBNET practitioners are categorised as follows:

- I) ministry level (administration),
- II) local level (cities and regions),
- III) support functions to ministry and local levels (incl. Europe's third sector).

This definition of practitioner is mentioned in EU-HYBNET Description of Action (DoA) Part B document and hence practitioners are defined as such in the EU-HYBNET project.

Other key EU-HYBNET network members are representatives from European industry, SMEs, academia and NGOs. These actors are central to delivering innovative solutions for practitioners' needs and provide research and development activities for practitioners and other stakeholders in the field.

Finally, the focus for new network members aimed at those organizations and actors who share interest with the EU-HYBNET project's four project core themes: "Future Trends of Hybrid Threats"; "Cyber and Future Technologies"; "Resilient Civilians, Local Level and National Administration"; "Information and Strategic Communication". This is to ensure that new network members are those who share the interest of the project concept and are interested in working with the project consortium, and other existing network members. However, the scope is not limited to these, EU-HYBNET network applicants contributing to fields outside the four core themes may also apply. Their suitability will be first and foremost assessed based on their relevance to countering hybrid threats.

3.3 ASSOCIATED PARTNERS

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EU-HYBNET network members are not limited to the above-mentioned actors, they may also include so-called "associate partners" which are generally considered EU Offices and Agencies. EU Offices and Agencies do not need to go through the EU-HYBNET network member vetting process, they will be accepted to the network automatically. If an EU Agency or Office wishes to follow the network activities but not join the network, this is also endorsed.

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² https://ec.europa.eu/info/funding-tenders/opportunities/portal/screen/support/faq;keywords=/3156

4. NETWORK SUSTAINABILITY PLAN DURING THE PROJECT

This section introduces the network engagement, sustainability plan and concrete engagement measures during the project, and underlines connections to other EU-HYBNET tasks, activities and events, as well as key tools to engage and expand the network.

The sustainability plan is based on the EU-HYBNET D5.1 "Dissemination, Communication and Exploitation Strategy" and the stakeholders engagement strategy defined in this document. For the sake of articulation, we make a distinction between engagement as initial awareness-raising activity and attraction of new network members, and sustainability as maintenance of engaged stakeholders within the EU-HYBNET network. For this reason, the following key objectives of the network engagement and sustainability plan are defined respectively as:

- 1. To raise awareness and **create interest** to attract new members to the network (corresponding to Informing, Consulting and Involving stages of the EU-HYBNET sustainability process presented in Chapter 2.4)
- 2. To **maintain interest** and encourage communication and joint activities among network members (corresponding to Collaborating, Empowering and Sustaining stages)

The engagement of new network members will happen throughout the 5 years of the project. The 2 objectives above will be implemented in annual cycles of iterative activities, starting from raising awareness among potential new members (via dissemination activities and via open invitation to join the network) and proceeding with the network engagement activities (via facilitating interactions between the network members).

4.1 CONNECTIONS TO EU-HYBNET TASKS AND ACTIVITIES

The EU-HYBNET network members are not passive actors who may only learn and benefit from the project's results and findings done by the consortium members. The network members are also active contributors to the project. This is to ensure interaction between the project consortium and network members and hence to provide sustainability for the network activities and engagement of the network members to the project.

In short, the network members are expected and encouraged to bring their contribution to the project's proceeding by providing valuable comments for project's future proceeding in different EU-HYBNET events, where the network members are invited. In addition, the network members have a possibility to contribute to the project's research activities and in its articulation of solutions to the gaps and needs identified. The engagement with the project consortium and network members is to ensure that the project addresses the needs and possible solutions from a wider European security audience to counter hybrid threats. The engagement and joint work is to ensure that the network will deliver what is needed and thus the network may achieve sustainability.

The network members contribution to EU-HYBNET project is relevant in the following areas:

• *To define* and present gaps and needs for pan-European practitioners and other relevant actors' measures to counter hybrid threats.

- To define and offer the most promising solutions, innovations (technical, non-technical) to pan-European practitioners and other relevant actors' measures to counter hybrid threats.
- To test and to evaluate technical and non-technical solutions identified to pan-European practitioners and other relevant actors' gaps and needs to counter hybrid threats.
- To recommend technical and non-technical solutions identified to pan-European practitioners and other relevant actors' gaps and needs to counter hybrid threats.
- Contribute to EU-HYBNET *research article writing* on the prioritized topics concerning hybrid threats.
- To disseminate and exploit EU-HYBNET project results and findings within own organization and work.

4.2 KEY TOOLS TO ENGAGE AND EXPAND THE NETWORK

The EU-HYBNET project arranges many different types of events and offers many different types of tools to engage with the network members. This is to ensure that the network members can have their voice heard in the project and joint activities.

4.2.1 COLLABORATIVE PLATFORMS

The EU-HYBNET project offers the following platforms to EU-HYBNET Network members to engage with the EU-HYBNET consortium partners and to deliver their views to the project execution. The platforms are described in detail within EU-HYBNET public deliverable 1.15 "Established EU-HYBNET Network Platforms" and hence only a summary of the importance of the platforms is provided below.

- Innovation Arena (IA)
 - IA is a platform for EU-HYBNET consortium partners and EU-HYBNET network members where members can announce gaps and needs to counter hybrid threats and also possible solutions and ideas to cover the gaps and needs.
- TUOVI Platform
 - TUOVI platform is a platform where consortium partners and network members can work with each other and share information that supports knowledge of and measures to counter hybrid threats.
- Project website, LinkedIn, Twitter
 - The project website provides general information, updates, achievements and context to network members, wider audiences and stakeholders alike. The website also works as an archive to find relevant research articles, policy documents and project deliverables.
 - Additionally, EU-HYBNET Twitter and LinkedIn accounts serve as fast track information sharing platforms that actively engage network members and stakeholders.

4.2.2 EU-HYBNET EVENTS

The network members will be invited to following EU-HYBNET project events and activities to ensure vivid interaction between the consortium and network members and to gain expert feedback from network members pertaining to the project's proceeding and results.

• Gaps and Needs Event (c. October 2021, March 2023, June 2024)

Network members are invited to share their views on the current gaps and needs of pan-European practitioners and other relevant actors' measures to counter hybrid threats. The information is analysed in the project to define the context for vulnerabilities, and to find the most critical gaps and needs and also possible solutions (technical or non-technical/e.g. social science based) to best cover the gaps and needs.

Trainings and exercises (c. April 2021, September 2022, February 2024)

Network members are invited to participate in EU-HYBNET trainings and exercises during which, identified solutions (technical or non-technical/ e.g. social-sciences based) for the gaps and needs are tested and evaluated. In addition, the trainings and exercises will include lectures on hybrid threats and hence enhance the general knowledge and measures to counter hybrid threats.

• Innovation and Knowledge exchange events (c. January 2021, June 2022, December 2023)

These events are arranged especially for practitioners (and stakeholders in general) to facilitate the exchange of information regarding the most promising innovations and knowledge to counter hybrid threats. In addition, the events provide a forum for practitioners to engage with innovation (technical and social innovations) providers, in and outside of the consortium and to monitor solutions for identified gaps and needs to counter hybrid threats. In addition, the event is an arena where network members may assess the feasibility of the EU-HYBNET project activities and findings and provide recommendations for proceeding so that the project would serve the network's interest in the best possible way.

• Future Trends workshop (c. April 2021, April 2022, April 2023, April 2024, February 2025)

Network members are invited to Future Trends workshops that address expected future manifestations and evolutions of hybrid threats, so that the project and network members not only look into innovations and solutions for today but also for tomorrow.

 Events on possibilities for innovation standardization (c. June 2022, November 2023, December 2024)

Network members who have the background and knowledge of innovation standardization are invited to specifically themed innovation and standardisation workshops to counter hybrid threats. From each session a report will be prepared, in which all of the defined needs and possibilities are listed in relation to the suggested innovations. This information supports the project to further identify innovations and standardisation possibilities. In the workshop, network members have an important role to share their experiences and views on the needs of innovation standardization and way forward.

 Annual workshops for stakeholders (c. April 2021, April 2022, April 2023, April 2024, February 2025)

Network members are invited to an Annual Workshop (AW) where project findings are disseminated for a large scale of stakeholders. The workshops are designed to enable vivid interaction with industry, academia and other providers of innovative solutions outside of the consortium with a view to assessing the feasibility of project findings and possible

recommendations to innovations uptake (incl. industrialisation) and standardisation. Moreover, Annual Workshops will foster network activities, raise awareness of the project and bring together relevant practitioners and stakeholders who may to join the EU-HYBNET network and its activities. The goal of the AW is also to bolster the sustainability of the project activities and increase relevant members in the network. The AW is important for the network members to review the project's proceeding and to share their wishes for future proceeding.

• Other possible events e.g. workshops with other EC funded projects (tbc)

Network members are also invited to other EU-HYBNET project events that might be arranged as a result of cooperation with other Commission funded projects or deriving from a wish of a network members to have a joint/combined event. These events deliver relevant information regarding measures to counter hybrid threats.

4.3 EU-HYBNET NETWORK ENGAGMENT AND SUSTAINABILITY PLAN

The plan below details key activities that engage and maintain the network during the project's duration. A key feature of the sustainability plan is a joint responsibility of the EU-HYBNET project partners in disseminating, attracting and maintaining interactions with the network members via EU-HYBNET tasks and events described above in this Chapter. The overall responsibility for maintaining the network and thus ensuring its sustainability during the project duration belongs to Laurea as EU-HYBNET coordinator organization.

Table 3 EU-HYBNET Network Sustainability Plan

Activity	Implementation schedule	Lead/involved partners	
Engagement activities (creating interest, a	ttracting new members)		
Raising Awareness	M1-M60 According to dissemination and communication activities plan	EOS/all partners	
Publishing Application to join EU-HYBNET network	M8	Hybrid CoE/Laurea	
Sending targeted invitations to join the network	M8-M60 On a continuous basis	Laurea/all partners	
Promoting network during EU-HYBNET events	M1-M60 According to the EU-HYBNET events schedule	Laurea/all partners	
Accepting new members	M10-M60 Bi-monthly	Laurea (PMB) and Hybrid CoE	
Maintenance activities (maintaining interest and interactions among network members)			
Inviting network members to participate in EU-HYBNET events	M10-M60 According to the EU-HYBNET event schedule	EOS/all partners	
Facilitating network interactions in TUOVI and IA	M10-M60 Monthly	Laurea	

Promoting netwok member organizations	M1-M60	EOS/all partners
via EU-HYBNET Social Media (e.g. tagging	According to dissemination and	
in tweets)	communication activities plan	
Encouraging and engaging network	M10-M60	Laurea/EOS, Hybrid CoE
members to participate in joint EU-	According to cooperation events as	
HYBNET events with other projects and	described in section 4.2.2	
initiatives		

5. NETWORK SUSTAINABILITY BEYOND THE PROJECT

Section 5 presents a sustainability plan for the network beyond the EU-HYBNET project lifecycle, including the ownership and maintenance of the network and the platforms used during the project by network members. In addition, the chapter generally describes how the network will be handed over from the EU-HYBNET project, to Hybrid CoE.

5.1 KEY ISSUES IN NETWORK SUSTAINABILITY

The key element of the EU-HYBNET network sustainability is in the handover of the network hosting activities from the project to Hybrid CoE. Some core project elements, activities and tools will follow the handover to ensure a smooth transition and hosting during the end of the project. Described below, are the key elements, which will be the basis of discussion when crafting the future sustainability of the network beyond 2025.

Network hosting handover

The EU-HYBNET project network will be handed over to Hybrid CoE to host after the project period has ended. To ensure an easy transition, Hybrid CoE will develop, together with Laurea, **a plan** for the network hand-over. This plan will be designed within the last six months of the project. The plan will draw from the established working logic within the network, during the project. With due consideration to the Hybrid CoE Memorandum of Understanding, the sustainability deliverable planned for Month 30 will outline the main principles for sustainment of the network beyond 2025. The proper handover plan will be contained in the sustainability deliverable at Month 60, as an implementation of the principles outlined in the former.

EU-HYBNET four core themes remaining at the core of network activities

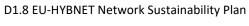
The EU-HYBNET project and its network activities are based on the previously identified project four core themes which will remain central to the network's activities after the project's conclusion. As such, the four core themes could even be used as a vector for continuity in a transitional perspective.

Events

Some of the EU-HYBNET project events, such as the Future Trends Workshop, are seen as an event that could form part of the network activities after the project. The Future Trends Workshop is, in its nature, important for knowledge building and information sharing within the network.

Platforms

The EU-HYBNET project offers two networking platforms, namely TUOVI and Innovation Arena (IA), for the network members to engage with each other and to support pan-European actors to counter hybrid threats. TUOVI and Innovation Arena (IA) will also remain after the project. The plan to handover the two platforms will be completed as a part of the general network handover plans in the last six months of the project. The handover will be General Data Protection Regulation (GDPR) compliant and follow EU-HYBNET Ethics Manager guidance. Upon handover, Laurea commits to a full security audit to the IA by a trusted third party, herein to fix possible security vulnerabilities that might



have come up in a security audit before handover to Hybrid CoE. Detailed plans on the security audit will be included in the handover plan.

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6. NETWORK SUSTAINABILITY RISKS AND MITIGATION MEASURES

Network sustainability risks are closely related to the critical risks of the overall EU-HYBNET project implementation and include specifically, risks relating to networking and stakeholders as defined in the EU-HYBNET DoA and described in Table below.

Table 4 EU-HYBNET Network risks

EU-HYBNET Network Risks	Impact	Mitigation measures
Failure to enrich the EU- HYBNET network	Low – Low	Concerns for the dangers associated to hybrid threats are high and therefore opening possibility to join the network events and innovations will strengthen end user capabilities
Inability to establish enhanced interactions with practitioners and other actors	High – Low	-Platform for information exchange will be established -Community forums will be established and events held -Roadmap for increasing networking activities is created -Training events will be organised
Not achieving network sustainability	Low – Low	European Centre of Excellence for Countering Hybrid Threats will keep leadership in post-project activities for EU-HYBNET
Low attendance at events	High – <i>Mediu</i> <i>m</i>	 If attendance is weak, marketing and dissemination of events will be increased Organisers will draw lessons learned after events (in form of workshop reports) where attendance and impact are assessed and draw from those throughout the project
 Not having the right participants attending workshops, e.g. subject matter experts 	Mediu m – Mediu m	Clear instructions will be provided to potential participants, stating what is required of them when attending workshops, e.g. subject knowledge. Additionally, they will be provided with a list of activity objectives and required outcomes of the workshops, so they can make an informed decision on whether or not they should participate. This will be done in a timely manner in order to invite alternative participants when original participant is unable to fulfil the requirements
Trolling of the project	Low – Low	Precise project media monitoring processes in the Dissemination and Communication strategy, incl. measures to handle trolling
Inadequate access to stakeholders	Mediu m - Mediu m	-Already there is a strong representation of many EU countries in the EY-HYBNET consortium -Already committed external stakeholder groups are in place
Low interest in joining the European Network against Hybrid Threats and its activities	High - Mediu m	-Promptly planned measures for network extension -Increased dissemination activities and project partners' involvement to secure interest, and engage potentially new member candidates in the activities of the Network

In addition, the following risks related to the sustainability of the network have been identified by the project partners:

Table 5 Additional risks identified during the project

EU-HYBNET Network Sustainability Risks	Impact	Mitigation measures		
Network will grow too big to stay active	Low – Low	 New members will be accepted on a continuous basis, taking into consideration existing network structure and balanced representation of organizations. If too many applications are received, decision will be made to limit accepted members to 30/year Systematic engagement of the network members in the online (TUOVI, IA) and offline (events) activities will be performed at least once a month to facilitate active interactions 		
Nature of a network member changes in critical way	Mediu m – Low	 Acceptance of the new members will be done based on the Eligibility Criteria defined in D1.7, which minimizes possibilities of accepting legal entities that can be harmful to the network Balanced representation of practitioners and other actors will be monitored and maintained In case of any network member violating the network rules, they will be excluded from the network. 		
Network member(s) raise concerns due to passivity or misconduct	Mediu m - Low	- Any partner can raise concerns about a network participant. The concern will be evaluated by PMB and Hybrid CoE. A reason for exclusion includes passivity (does not do anything, does not respond to anything) and bad behavior (spreads disinformation, for example). An exclusion decision will be accomplished collectively during a PMB meeting, in cooperation with Hybrid CoE.		

7. CONCLUSION

7.1 SUMMARY

In this document we have described the EU-HYBNET Network sustainability plan. The document highlights how the network will be hosted to ensure sustainability and ideal activity levels via various approaches, services and plans. Moreover, measures to extend and maintain the network were described. Special attention was given to the possible risks that could threaten the EU-HYBNET network sustainability and its activities. Finally, we highlighted that plans have been made to manage the eventual handover of the EU-HYBNET network and hosting activities to Hybrid CoE following the completion of the project.

7.2 FUTURE WORK

D1.8 is an important deliverable for EU-HYBNET in that it is key to have a sustainable approach to the EU-HYBNET Network's extension before the project starts to actively work with network extension activities and to accept new network members from January 2021 onwards.

D1.8 lays the foundation for two additional EU-HYBNET deliverables that follow D1.8; D1.24 "EU-HYBNET Network Sustainability Initial Report" (project month 30/ October 2022) and D1.25 "EU-HYBNET Network Sustainability Final Report" (project month 60/ April 2025).

ANNEX I. GLOSSARY AND ACRONYMS

Table 1 Glossary and Acronyms

Term	Definition / Description
EC	European Commission
EU	European Union
EU MS	EU Member State
AC	EU Associated Countries
H2020	Horizon2020 Program
CSA	Coordination and Support Action
EU-HYBNET	A Pan-European Network to Counter Hybrid Threats project
NoP	Network of Practitioners project funded by EC
CoU	Community of Users, EC hosted group based on funded projects
GDPR	General Data Protection Regulation
DoA	Description of Action
D	Deliverables
WP	Work Package
Т	Task
M	project month
MS	Milestone
NM	EU-HYBNET Network Manager
PMB	EU-HYBNET Project Management Board
SG	Stakeholder Group
IA/Innovation Arena	Platfrom for EU-HYBNET consortium and network members to use for gaps&needs and innovative solutions sharing
TUOVI	Platform for EU-HYBNET consortium and Network members to engage
Eduuni	Platfrom for EU-HYBNET consortium to internal project work
OB.	Objective
КРІ	Key Performance Indicator
NGO	Non-governmental organization
LAUREA	Laurea-ammattikorkeakoulu Oy
PPHS	Polish Platform for Homeland Security
UiT	Universitetet i Tromsoe
RISE	RISE Research Institutes of Sweden Ab
KEMEA	Kentro Meleton Asfaleias
L3CE	Lietuvos Kibenetiniu Nusikaltimu Kompetenciju ir Tyrimu Centras

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URJC	Universidad Rey Juan Carlos
MTES	Mistere de la Transition Ecologique et Solidaire / Ministry for an Ecological and Solidary Transition; Ministry of Territory Cohesion; General Secreteria
EOS	European Organisation for Security Scrl
TNO	Nedelandse Organisatie voor Toegepast Natuuretenschappelijk Onderzoek TNO
SATWAYS	SATWAYS
ESPOO	Espoon Kaupunki / Region and city of Espoo, Finland
UCSC (UNICAT)	Universita Cattolica del Sacro Cuore
JRC	JRC - Joint Research Centre - European Commission
MVNIA	Academia Nationala de Informatii Mihai Vieazul / The Romanian National Intelligence Agademy
Hybrid CoE	Euroopan hybridiuhkien torjunnan osaamiskeskus / European Center of Excellence for Countering Hybrid Threats
NLD MoD	Ministry of Defence/NL
ICDS	International Centre for Defence and Security, Estonia
PLV	Ayuntamiento de Valencia / Valencia Local Police
ABW	Polish Internal Security Agency
DSB	Direktoratet for Samfunnssikkerhet og Beredskap (DBS) / Norway, DSB/ Norwegian Directorate for Civil Protection
RIA	Riigi Infosusteemi Amet / Estonian Information System Authority
MALDITA	MALDITA
ZITIS	Zentrale Stelle für Informationstechnik im Sicherheisbereich
COMTESSA	Universitaet der Bundeswehr München

ANNEX II. REFERENCES

- [1] European Commission Decision C (2014)4995 of 22 July 2014.
- [2] Communicating EU Research & Innovation (A guide for project participants), European Commission, Directorate-General for Research and Innovation, Directorate A, Unit A.1 External & Internal Communication, 2012, ISBN 978-92-79-25639-4, doi:10.2777/7985.